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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/046,205	01/16/2002		Masaya Hiramitsu	Q68085	2511
23373	7590	01/24/2005		EXAMINER	
SUGHRU			WYROZEBSKI LEE, KATARZYNA I		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20037				1714	

DATE MAILED: 01/24/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/046,205	HIRAMITSU, MASAYA	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	,
	Katarzyna Wyrozebski	1714	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. communication.
Status	·		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 No. This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E. 	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro		e merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-9 is/are pending in the applied 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-9 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction to the original transfer of the control of the c	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 C	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National	Stage
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1104.	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te	O-152)

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In view of applicant's amendment, which incorporated new limitation not previously present in the claims, following office action is final as necessitated by amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any

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evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 1-4, 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WIDEMAN (US 6,525,133) in view of SANDSTROM (US 5,901,766).

WIDEMAN discloses composition for tire treads of a pneumatic tire comprising rubber, silica, carbon black and dicyclopentadiene based resin.

Rubber of WIDEMAN is at least one diene-based rubber (col. 2, lines 19-21), wherein rubber can be selected from styrene butadiene rubber and polybutadiene rubber (col. 4, lines 5-11).

Fillers are utilized in amount of 60-140 pbw and include carbon black and silica (col. 4, lines 35-41). Utilized is also a silane-coupling agent as an adhesion promoter between rubber and filler.

Resin is utilized in amount of 1-50 pbw (col. 2, line 36) and in preferred embodiment it is dicyclopentadiene/octadiene resin with dicyclopentadiene content of 50-80 wt %.

Additional components of the composition include sulfur vulcanizing agents, accelerators, activators, retarders and the like (col. 4, lines 15-25). Preferred accelerators include thiuram compounds and are utilized in amount of 0.5-20 pbw (col. 5, lines 11-12 and 30).

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The difference between the present invention and the disclosure of WIDEMAN is ratio of polybutadiene rubber and styrene butadiene that can produce functional tire treads for pneumatic tires with the same types of fillers as well as ratios of carbon black to silica.

With respect to the above differences the prior art of SANDSTROM discloses another composition for pneumatic tire treads comprising rubber, mixture of fillers and resin.

First rubber of SANDSTROM is one having glass transition temperature of -80 to - 110°C and it includes cis-polybutadiene rubber. Such rubber is utilized in amount of 50-90 pbw.

Second rubber is one that has glass transition temperature of -79 to 20°C and it includes styrene-butadiene rubber having styrene content of 18 % (col. 1 and 2).

Silica filler is utilized in amount of 10-250 pbw (col. 4, lines 30-38) while carbon black is utilized in amount of 5-200 pbw (col. 5, lines 18-25). Therefore the ratio of carbon black to silica as required by the present claims is encompassed.

Optional additives also include vulcanization agents and accelerators such as thiuram, reinforcing agents, activators, retarders and the like (col. 5, lines 5-16 and col. 6, lines 5-10). Accelerators are utilized in amount of 0.5-4 pbw (col. 5, lines 55-60).

The specific combination of rubbers and fillers as disclosed in the prior art of SANDSTROM produces pneumatic tire tread that has improved tread wear, traction and handling.

In the light of the above disclosure, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to utilize such ratios in the prior art of WIDEMAN and therefore obtain the claimed invention. Such ratios would produce functional tire tread for pneumatic tire.

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5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Katarzyna Wyrozebski whose telephone number is (571) 272-1127. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 6:30 AM-4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (571) 272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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January 19, 2005